

DECODE()

Available in: [DSQL](#), [PSQL](#)

Added in: 2.1

Description

DECODE is a shortcut for the so-called "[simple CASE construct](#)", in which a given expression is compared to a number of other expressions until a match is found. The result is determined by the value listed after the matching expression. If no match is found, the default result is returned, if present. Otherwise, `NULL` is returned.

Result type: Varies

Syntax

```
DECODE ( <test-expr>,
          <expr>, result
          [, <expr>, result ...]
          [, defaultresult] )
```

The equivalent CASE construct:

```
CASE <test-expr>
  WHEN <expr> THEN result
  [WHEN <expr> THEN result ...]
  [ELSE defaultresult]
END
```

Caution: Matching is done with the "`=`" operator, so if `<test-expr>` is `NULL`, it won't match any of the `<expr>`s, not even those that are `NULL`.

Example

```
select name,
       age,
       decode( upper(sex),
               'M', 'Male',
               'F', 'Female',
               'Unknown' ),
       religion
  from people
```

